



JEWELS WORN BY THE DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH.

Blenheim Park is a remarkable pastime. So, indeed, it proved to-day.

The ground in the vicinity of High Lodge is closely overgrown with bracken and a thick, stunted ground-growth which literally teems with rabbits. Through this mass roads or drives are cut, the intersections having been made with more or less mathematical precision, alternately from right to left.

The rabbits are driven by an army of beaters. The guns stand in one of the drives, and as the rabbits are driven across their path they are shot down.

In the bright sunshine this morning the sight was a remarkable one. The Duke of Marlborough did not carry a gun, but contented himself with superintending the beating and took charge generally of the keepers.

The place of honor was of course given to the Prince of Wales, who was dressed in a suit of dark green tweed.

Prince Still a Good Shot.

His Royal Highness is still a good shot, and but few rabbits he aimed at are still in the land of the living. He has, however, now to give way to the Duke of York, who, since his marriage when he abandoned his active career in the navy, has become one of the best game shots in England.

The Duke of Marlborough looked a thorough sportsman in a gray tweed suit, with his high-legged field boots. Throughout the day he was unrelenting in the direction of his green-coated keepers and the army of dun-clothed and red-capped beaters.

It was almost dark when the shooting ceased, and from the moment it commenced until dark, with the exception of the luncheon interval, a fusillade, which at a very short distance, sounded much as if a battalion of infantry were being exercised in field firing, was kept up.

To-night the house party is undisturbed, either by departures or fresh arrivals. The scene in the state apartments, as the guests assembled before dinner, was, if anything, more brilliant than that of last evening.

Duchess Resplendent in Black.
The Duchess of Marlborough, who exercises a spell of absolute fascination over her friends, was resplendent in a black gown, slightly relieved with white, and wore a number of exquisite jewels.

It was remarked that it would be difficult to choose a more handsome or more distinguished pair than the Princess of Wales and the young Duchess.

During the progress of the dinner Herr Gottlieb's orchestra played the following selection of music: "Wiener Leben Zieher;" waltz, "Gartenlaube;" overture, "Rienzi;" melody, "Crispian;" selection, "Hansel and Gretel;" galop, "Hungarian." The after dinner programme in the long library, which was given under the direction of Mr. C. W. Perkins, who presided at the organ, was as follows: "March," "Percussion;" Strauss; solo by organ, "Pastoral Symphony;" Sullivan; Serenade, Beethoven; march, "Eldeswien;" Komzak; selection, "Aida;" Verdi, and, "God Save the Queen."

To-morrow there will be pheasant shooting over another portion of the estate.

WEYLER COULDN'T FIND MAGEO

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this preliminary examination, as is the rule in all Latin countries, no counsel is allowed the defendant. It takes the place of the Grand Jury examination in this country. The prosecution endeavors to lay the foundation for its case. When the real trial occurs the rights of the prisoners to have counsel and to call witnesses for the defense, as guaranteed by the protocol of 1887, will be respected.

While it may be considered certain that, as Mr. Rockhill states, the letter of the protocol will be observed, it is almost equally certain that the Spanish military court will be organized to convict, and that severe punishment will be visited upon the unfortunate prisoners.

Smuggled Diamonds Confiscated.
Customs Inspectors Brown and Donohue made a large seizure of jewelry yesterday on the Hamburg pier, Hoboken. Among the last passengers to land from the steamship Columbia was August Bello, who said he came from Gibraltar. His baggage was examined and found all right. Something about his actions, however, caused Inspector Donohue to decide to search him, and he and Inspector Brown found in Bello's overcoat pocket twelve diamond earrings, six rings and four bracelets, and in his baggage a quantity of silk. Bello was allowed to go after the goods had been confiscated.

SENATORS MAY AID CUBANS

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takes place, Mr. Cleveland will continue to the close of his Administration the policy to which he has thus far adhered. Personally, I question the wisdom of any agitation of the matter during the coming session of Congress. Such agitation would injuriously affect the business interests of our own country without proving in any sense advantageous to the cause of free government in Cuba, it being very apparent that no definite action could result from agitation of the matter in Congress during the next session which is to convene in a few days.

THOMAS H. CARTER,
Senator from Montana.

Nothing Will Be Done.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
My impression is that nothing will be done by Congress or the President on the Cuban matter this Winter, I suppose, though, that if any action is taken it will depend a great deal upon the report of Consul-General Lee on the situation. We have received vague newspaper reports of the fighting in Cuba, and no news of reliable battles having been fought. Therefore, until we have something more tangible to go on, I would not favor recognizing the belligerency of the rebels. Upon a question of war the Spaniards are very unreasonable creatures, while our people are cool and conservative. We ought not to take any action which may lead to a war with Spain without first looking up the possible consequences.

JOHN L. MITCHELL,
Senator from Wisconsin.

Sympathy for Cubans.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
If anything is done by the President or Congress it will depend entirely upon the developments in Cuban affairs at the time. I have no means of knowing what is contemplated by the President. During the past four years I have not been a caller at the White House. I suppose very few of the Senators or Representatives have made up their minds as to what ought to be done. Naturally our sympathies are with the Cubans and their struggling republican government, but I do not know yet what we ought to do toward helping them or recognizing their belligerency.

F. M. COCKRELL,
Senator from Missouri.

Vest Is Undecided.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I am not in the confidence of the Administration and, therefore, I am unable to say whether anything will be done for Cuba this Winter or not. Perhaps the President will say something in his annual message, or suggest some line of action for Congress, but I have not talked with any of the Cabinet, and know nothing about that. I have no idea what the Senate or the House will do.

GEORGE G. VEST,
Senator from Missouri.

Kyle Wants No Delay.

Aberdeen, S. D., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
Yes, most certainly, it is a shame to our civilization that we have permitted for two years such cruelties to be practiced by the Spanish Government upon the native Cubans struggling for such liberty as we now enjoy.

JAMES H. KYLE,
Senator from South Dakota.

Faulkner Opposes Haste.

Martinsburg, W. Va., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
While we feel the deepest sympathy for the Cubans in their struggle to shake off the despotism of Spain, I hesitate to express an opinion as to the true policy of the Government at this time until I learn more definitely the situation through the official report of General Lee, and other information in the possession of the State Department.

CHARLES J. FAULKNER,
Senator from West Virginia.

Bacon Wants to End the War.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I favor such action, through a mandatory resolution or otherwise, as will most effectively enforce the will of Congress and compel the speedy ending of the war and insure the liberation of Cuba. Spanish tyranny, as now exercised, is out of date on this hemisphere.

A. O. BACON,
Senator from Georgia.

Favors Prompt Action.

Monticello, Fla., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I am in favor of such action as can be properly taken by Congress and the Executive favoring the independence of Cuba as a free republic.

S. PARCO,
Senator from Florida.

Gall Favors Recognition.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I favor Congress passing a joint resolution requiring the United States to take action to terminate the war in Cuba, recognize the independence of Cuba, and such other action as may be expedient to this end.

WILKINSON GALL,
Senator from Florida.

Blackburn Is Outspoken.

Versailles, Ky., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I am emphatically yes. I will do to ex-

haust the powers possessed by Congress in the direction of Cuban independence.
JO. C. S. BLACKBURN,
Senator from Kentucky.

Tillman for Cuban Rights.

Trenton, S. C., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I favor granting Cubans belligerent rights, and serving notice on Spain that she must conduct the war in a civilized manner. Congress should force the President to act to that extent.

B. R. TILLMAN,
Senator from South Carolina.

For Cuban Independence.

Madison, Neb., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
The action of Spain in Cuba is heartless and inhuman in the extreme. I will favor the prompt passage of a joint resolution recognizing the full political independence of Cuba, and would, if necessary, pass such a measure over an Executive veto.

WILLIAM V. ALLEN,
Senator from Nebraska.

Lindsay Will Wait.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I prefer to await information that may be given by the President's message before replying to the questions propounded by your telegram.

WILLIAM LINDSAY,
Senator from Kentucky.

Morgan Expects Trouble.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I am not a prophet and I would not venture to say what Congress or the President may do on the Cuban question between this and the 4th of March. You can never tell what look or a half-dozen stars will do, and as there are a great many men in this Congress who are about to be swallowed in an abyss, they may do some very unexpected things before they go down. I may say that the public conscience is shocked; it is paralyzed by the atrocities that are being committed by the Spaniards in Cuba. For a time public attention was held by the elections, but now the newspapers will focus it upon Cuba, and there is no telling what the sentiment of the people will amount to. This Government has been slow to act. In fact, it has helped Spain because it has not recognized the belligerency of the insurgents, when any boy five years old can tell you that war exists on the island. I would not be surprised if public sentiment did not outrun the slow and tardy Administration and involve us in a war with Spain. I have feared from the first that this might be the result, though I do not say I would like to see it so. In less than two years the Spanish have lost seventy thousand soldiers. At this rate how many will Spain lose in ten years? My impression is that Cuba has gained more in this war, to date than she did in the ten years' war before. In the other war Spain had an abundance of money; now she is on the ragged edge of bankruptcy. Weyler has been driven into the field by pressure from Madrid, and now he will be forced to move faster than he intended, and with less success than he expected. It's best to let the rebels alone before you cook him. I don't think that Weyler will catch Maceo. If we are forced into a war with Spain, I have no doubt of the results. She would hardly be a taste for us. But I can't foretell the future, and I have no idea what Congress or the President will do.

JOHN T. MORGAN,
Senator from Alabama.

Must Not Act Hastily.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I have no information relating to Cuba excepting through the public press. Congress should not act until placed in possession, through the State Department, of all the facts relating to the present condition of affairs in the island. The data so furnished will govern my vote on the mandatory resolution.

GEORGE C. BIRKENS,
Senator from California.

An Executive Question.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I couldn't make a respectable guess what will be done to help Cuba. I do not know the President's intentions, and have never undertaken to form an opinion on the Cuban question. I am inclined to think it is an Executive question, and the President primarily should deal with it.

JAMES L. PUGH,
Senator from Alabama.

Would Recognize Cubans.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I have heard nothing of what the President's policy toward Cuba will be. If I were President I would recognize the belligerency of the insurgents at once.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Senator from Washington.

Sherman Is Reticent.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I have no means of knowing what the members of the Senate think about the matter. I haven't discussed Cuban affairs with any Senator, so have I talked to the President recently about Cuba—in fact, I haven't seen Mr. Cleveland for some time. It seems that last Winter he was opposed to according the Cubans the rights of belligerents. Whether he has that feeling now, I have no means of knowing.

JOHN SHERMAN,
Senator from Ohio.

Against Spain's Aggressions.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I have no information, but I presume the President favors keeping affairs in status quo. No doubt the Administration would avail itself of any sort of opportunity to resent undue Spanish aggressions. I am satisfied Mr. Cleveland's idea is that the attitude of this Government should be maintained strictly within the lines of the established usages of nations—that one nation ought to take no part in the local quarrels of another nation. As to what action Congress may take, I don't know. Resolutions may be called up that are now pending to enable gentlemen to air their views.

W. A. PEPPER,
Senator from Kansas.

Matters May "Stand."

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
There are few Senators in Washington, and I have not had an opportunity to discuss the Cuban question with any of them. In my opinion, they will not know what course to pursue until after they have consulted one another. I have not heard any person speak for the President, and I cannot do so. I would not be surprised, though, if he let matters stand as they are.

JOSEPH R. HAWLEY,
Senator from Connecticut.

Blanchard for Recognition.

Shreveport, La., Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I favor prompt action by Congress recognizing in some effective way the Cuban struggle for liberty. This should be in such form as to make sense to the President and the public. The belligerent indifference and inaction by the head of the Executive Department of this Government in respect to Cuba is greatly deplored by the mass of the people in this section of the United States.

N. C. BLANCHARD,
Senator from Louisiana.

Wait for the President.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I do not care to express an opinion on a future action of Congress on the Cuban question until we have heard what the President has to say on the subject. It is possible that he is in possession of facts that will have an important bearing upon the future policy of this country, and he will undoubtedly communicate that information to Congress either in his annual message or a special message to be devoted to the Cuban question alone.

JUSTIN S. MORRILL,
Senator from Vermont.

knowing, but I have not heard that he has changed his mind in any particular.

JOHN SHERMAN,
Senator from Ohio.

Harris Is Uninformed.

Washington, Nov. 24.
To Editor New York Journal:
I don't know what will be done by the President or by Congress. I don't care to discuss the Cuban question.

ISHAM G. HARRIS,
Senator from Tennessee.

Cooper Charged Murder.

Continued from First Page.
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"Don't give it up," said Price. "I am still working on it."
The letter produced.
"You will give it up," retorted the Coroner sharply, "when I put you on the stand."

Price then handed the letter to the Coroner, and the three read it carefully. Tutthill then said to Assistant District Attorney Allen that the letter was the justice he thought it wise not to make the jury reach a verdict.

Additional testimony was offered by Scott E. Cooper, who told of the regular barroom fight of his brother, and Detective Prunty, who said the hospital attacks told him that Cooper could not have been conscious at the time described by Allen.

The jury then, at the direction of Coroner Tutthill, returned a verdict that Cooper had come from a fracture of the skull and laceration of the brain, caused on the evening of November 6. The verdict, as first rendered, contained the words "caused in Wakely's saloon."

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The Coroner directed that the clerk in the anonymous letter should be thoroughly investigated. He said he had not made public the contents because of the request of the police.

Mayor Strong could not see the public necessity for such secrecy and said that the anonymous correspondent had fully stated that Cooper was murdered in Wakely's saloon. He signed himself "Justice," and declared the letter stated, "I was the assailant."

The Mayor turned aside a distinguished group of public men waiting to see him and greeted the young woman with a question about her trouble. She told him about the death of the man he had married, her husband, and then produced the letter. It had been addressed to her in a hand evidently disguised, and was postmarked Station E. November 11. The Mayor said he would have the assertions investigated, and sent the letter to Commissioner Roosevelt.

There is a touch of romance in the circumstances under which the Mayor received the letter. He had married Cooper and Isabelle Evesson last August last, and had not forgotten what a pretty bride she was. A few days ago he recognized among his waiting maids a girl who, dressed in deep mourning, who, during the holiday season of 1895, were a frequent sight in his office. Instead of the bright smiles that surrounded him there were lines of sorrow in her face and tears trickled down her cheeks.

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COOPER CHARGED MURDER.

Continued from First Page.

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